AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is mandatory.								
Local Government Type:		al Government Name:			County			
	Other City	of Eastpointe, Michiga	an_		Macon	nb		
	Opinion Date	\-		ate Accountant R	•	tted To State	:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	October 28, 200			ecember 21, 200				
yes no 3. There are instance order issued unit has order issued unde yes no 5. The local unit hold [MCL 129.91] or P yes no 6. The local unit has yes no 7. The local unit has (normal costs) in to normal cost required.	Accounting Sta in Michigan by the Audits of Legistered to practionses have been chitem below: In tunits/funds/agulated deficits in cles of non-complicated the conder the Emergency design deposits/investign been delinquent violated the Construction of the current year.	andards Board (GASB he Michigan Department of the Michigan Department of the Michigan. In disclosed in the final of the Michigan of the Michi	and the Uniter to Treasure to	iform Reporting Pry. yan as revised. ents, including the different finance of fund balances/reand Budgeting A fer the Municipal Finantiatutory requirem the finance of th	e notes, or in etained earnict (P.A. 2 of inance Act of ents. (P.A. 2 another taxing current year entyling creating crea	the report of countries the report of countries (P.A. 275, 1968, as amounts requirement of 1943, as ang unit. Rearned pensice edits are more	comments of 1980). ended). ents, or an amended on benefits e than the	
yes no 8. The local unit uses per yes no 9. The local unit has		nd has not adopted an investment policy as r		•	•	•	129.241).	
We have enclosed the following:				Enclosed	To Be Forward		Not quired	
The letter of comments and recommenda	ations.					[
Reports on individual federal assistance	programs (progra	ram audits).					\boxtimes	
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).]		
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name):		NTE & MORA	NI DII	<u></u>				
,			•		I	T ₂₁₅		
Street Address City State ZIP 10 South Main Street, Suite 200 Mount Clemens MI 48043								
Accountant Signature		I		<u>- </u>	<u> </u>			
Alente & Morsa, A	, 77 C							

Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
June 30, 2005

	Contents
Report Letter	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-8
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	0
Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) Statement of Activities	9 10-11
Statement of Activities	10-11
Fund Financial Statements:	
Governmental Funds: Balance Sheet	12-13
Reconciliation of Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Assets (Deficit)	12-13 14
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	15-16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement	13 10
of Activities	17
Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund:	
Statement of Net Assets	18
Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets	19
Statement of Cash Flows	20
Fiduciary Funds:	
Statement of Net Assets	21
Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Pension and Other Employee	
Benefit Trust Funds	22
Notes to Financial Statements	23-42
Required Supplemental Information	43
Budgetary Comparison Schedule:	
General Fund	44
Major Special Revenue Funds	45-48
Retirement System Schedule of Funding Progress	49
Retirement System Schedule of Employer Contributions	50

Schedule of Indebtedness

Other Supplemental Information51Nonmajor Governmental Funds:
Combining Balance Sheet
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund
Balances52-54Fiduciary Funds:
Combining Statement of Net Assets
Combining Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Pension and Other
Employee Benefit Trust Funds58-59

Contents (Continued)

61-62





27400 Northwestern Highway P.O. Box 307 Southfield, MI 48037-0307 Tel: 248.352.2500

Fax: 248.352.0018 plantemoran.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
City of Eastpointe, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eastpointe, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Eastpointe, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Eastpointe, Michigan as of June 30, 2005 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis, retirement system schedules of funding progress and employer contributions, and the budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
City of Eastpointe, Michigan

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Eastpointe, Michigan's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 28, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Eastpointe's (the "City") financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended June 30, 2005:

- State-shared revenue, our second largest revenue source, was reduced by the State of Michigan by approximately \$65,000 this year. The City continued to reduce programs, staffing levels, and capital spending, with tighter controls over all expenditures. The result of the City taking these continued proactive measures in the area of expenditure control was a decrease in use of fund balance of \$209,681 from a budgeted appropriation of \$937,245.
- Total net assets related to the City's governmental activities increased by approximately \$555,000. However, the unrestricted portion of net assets increased by approximately \$656,000 (see table of net assets on the following page).

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets (deficit) and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City of Eastpointe as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

The notes to the financial statements are found on pages 23-42. These notes are an integral part of the financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the remainder of the financial statements. It may be useful to read the notes prior to any detailed review of the various statements throughout the report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The City of Eastpointe as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of the current date and compared to the prior year (in thousands of dollars):

TABLE I

	G	overnmen	tal A	Activities	Business-type Activities			ctivities	Total			
		2005		2004		2005		2004		2005		2004
Assets												
Current assets	\$	10,424	\$	9,578	\$	10,116	\$	10,355	\$	20,540	\$	19,933
Noncurrent assets	_	29,979	_	30,030		12,503	_	11,194	_	42,482	_	41,224
Total assets		40,403		39,608		22,619		21,549		63,022		61,157
Liabilities												
Current liabilities		2,166		1,206		1,034		1,034		3,200		2,240
Long-term liabilities		15,649	_	17,112		34	_	37	_	15,683	_	17,149
Total liabilities		17,815		18,318		1,068		1,071	_	18,883		19,389
Net Assets												
Invested in capital assets -												
Net of related debt		15,088		14,473		9,179		7,863		24,267		22,336
Restricted		4,759		3,864		-		_		4,759		3,864
Unrestricted		2,741		2,953		12,372		12,615		15,113		15,568
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	22,588	\$	21,290	\$	21,551	\$	20,478	\$	44,139	\$	41,768

The City of Eastpointe's combined net assets increased approximately 5.5 percent from a year ago, from approximately \$41.8 million in 2004 to \$44.1 million in 2005. A review of the governmental activities, separate from the business-type activities, shows an increase of approximately \$1,298,000 in net assets, or 6.1 percent during fiscal 2005. The business-type activities experienced a \$1.1 million increase in net assets, or 5.2 percent. This is largely due to an increase in water and sewer rates to fund planned infrastructure improvements.

Unrestricted net assets, the portion of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations, decreased by approximately \$212,000 for the governmental activities. This represents a decrease of approximately 7.2 percent. The current level of unrestricted net assets for our governmental activities stands at \$2.7 million, or about 11.5 percent of expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following table shows the changes of the net assets during the current year:

TABLE 2

	Governmental		Busine	ss-type		
	Activ	vities	Acti	vities	To	otal
	2005	2004	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenue						
Program revenue:						
Charges for services	\$ 4,416	\$ 3,929	\$ 8,681	\$ 8,854	\$ 13,097	\$ 12,783
Operating grants and contributions	2,227	2,402	-	-	2,227	2,402
Capital grants and contributions	561	790	-	-	561	790
General revenue:						
Property taxes	12,481	12,176	-	-	12,481	12,176
State-shared revenue	3,887	3,930	-	-	3,887	3,930
Interest	216	146	145	88	361	234
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	19	(125)	-	-	19	(125)
Cable fees and other	289	284	-	283	289	567
Transfers and other revenue	1,111	1,093	(1,111)	(1,093)		
Total revenue	25,207	24,625	7,715	8,132	32,922	32,757
Program Expenses						
General government	6,758	6,874	-	-	6,758	6,874
Public safety	10,043	9,865	-	-	10,043	9,865
Public works	4,122	4,231	-	-	4,122	4,231
Recreation and culture	2,489	2,964	-	-	2,489	2,964
Interest on long-term debt	497	332	-	-	497	332
Water and sewer			6,643	6,665	6,643	6,665
Total program expenses	23,909	24,266	6,643	6,665	30,552	30,931
Change in Net Assets	<u>\$ 1,298</u>	\$ 359	\$ 1,072	<u>\$ 1,467</u>	<u>\$ 2,370</u>	<u>\$ 1,826</u>

Governmental Activities

The City of Eastpointe's total governmental revenues were approximately \$25.2 million, despite decreases in state-shared revenue and capital grants and contributions. These decreases were offset by an increase in interest income, charges for services, transfers, and other revenue.

Governmental activity expenditures of approximately \$23.9 million were recorded for the year. Program expenditures increased over the previous year due to increases in police overtime, judicial, building inspection, and transfers to other funds. To offset this, the City closely monitored its spending in all other areas, including seasonal hiring, programs, nonessential overtime hours, and capital purchases.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Business-type Activities

The City of Eastpointe's business-type activity consists of the Water and Sewer Fund. The City provides to residents water purchased from the City of Detroit Water System. The City provides sewage treatment through the Southeast Macomb Sanitary District. Fiscal year 2005 was a wetter-than-average year, which resulted in a marked decrease in the volume of water sold. This resulted in a decrease in operating income.

The City of Eastpointe's Funds

Our analysis of the City of Eastpointe's major funds begins on page 12, following the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City of Eastpointe as a whole. The City Council creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as State of Michigan Act 51 major and local road revenue sharing and the voted special property tax millages. The City of Eastpointe's major funds for 2005 include the General Fund, the Fire Fund, the Garbage and Rubbish Collection Fund, Major and Local Streets Funds, the Capital Improvement Fund, and the SEMSD Clean Water Initiative Fund.

The General Fund accounts for most of the City's governmental services. The most significant is police, which incurred expenditures of approximately \$5.9 million in 2005. The cost of the police department is funded by other general revenue sources of the General Fund. Fire services are supported by General Fund contributions and a special ALS/Fire millage, all of which are recorded in the Fire Fund. This fund recorded the receipt of approximately \$659,000 from the special millage and a transfer of approximately \$2.3 million from the General Fund. The amount transferred from the General Fund is determined based on estimated costs to maintain ALS/Fire services, as well as specific capital outlay approved by the City Council. The Equipment Replacement Fund is used by the City to account for most capital outlay expenditures. Transfers from other funds, antenna lease revenue, and equipment rental fees support this fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the City Council and City administration monitor and amend the budget to take into account unanticipated events during the year. The most significant changes were a decrease in state-shared revenue and reduced licensing and permit revenue. Prudent budgeting and continued monitoring of all expenditures reduced the effect of the loss of these revenues. At year end, actual General Fund revenues came in \$83,662 under the amended budget. The City of Eastpointe's departments overall stayed below budget, resulting in total expenditures of \$754,447 below budget. Expenditures were under budget primarily due to savings from personnel vacancies and overall tighter controls on spending. Mid-year, and again at year end, the City amended the budget to reflect changes in debt obligations and capital purchases. In addition, departments were required to assess every purchase and exercise cost savings measures to minimize the impact on the General Fund's fund balance at year end. As a result, the General Fund's fund balance decreased from \$3,902,937 a year ago to \$3,693,256 at June 30, 2005.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of 2005, the City of Eastpointe had \$38.8 million invested in a wide range of capital assets, including land, buildings, police and fire equipment, computer equipment, and water and sewer lines. The City of Eastpointe has invested significantly in roads within the major and local street system, sidewalks, and water and sewer lines since 1980. The value of infrastructure assets, net of depreciation contained in this report, is \$31.3 million for fiscal year 2005. Included in the infrastructure assets is \$11.7 million for infrastructure construction in progress for the Lake St. Clair Clean Water Initiative.

Debt reported in these financial statements is related to the construction of the abovementioned infrastructure assets and buildings and is reported as a liability on the statement of net assets (see Note 6 of the notes to the basic financial statements for additional information).

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City of Eastpointe's budget for next year calls for a minimal increase of 2.3 percent on property tax rates, based on the rate of inflation. Because of the impact of Proposal A, however, the City needs to continue to monitor its budget very closely. The state-wide Tax Reform Act limits growth in taxable value on any individual property to the lesser of inflation or 5 percent. Because some properties increase in value by less than inflation, the mathematical result of this is that the total taxable value for the City will grow less than by inflation, before considering new property additions. State revenue-sharing payments were decreased again this past year and are likely to decrease again due to state cutbacks and less sales tax receipts at the State level. These factors, coupled with recent decreases from historical norms in other revenues including charges for services, continue to have a major impact on the City's ability to balance its budget. Due to the compounding effect of Proposal A, the Tax Reform Act and reduced state revenue-sharing payments, the City will be asking for voter approval of a seven mill public safety millage for a period of five years beginning with the 2006 fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Despite these concerns, the City will continue to operate as efficiently as possible in the next fiscal year. Various personnel positions will remain vacant, with reduced departmental budgets and minimal capital spending budgeted for the next year. We expect continued annual increases in health care costs of 8 percent to 10 percent each year. Additionally, the cost of funding retiree health care will increase proportionately. The City's pension system, while fully funded, is again required to make actuarial determined contributions due to negotiated changes in benefits. An increase in stock market and investment returns will continue to help offset future required contributions.

The City purchases its water from the City of Detroit, which forecasts increases averaging 10 percent annually for the next five years. The City must pass on these increases to its customers through its water rate. The City's water and sewer rates are based on anticipated costs of the system in the current fiscal year. Costs include the purchase of water from Detroit, disposal and treatment of sewage, personnel and operating costs, and needed system improvements. The water rates will have to increase somewhat in 2006 as costs are passed on to the City. We are in the process of evaluating the amount of increase that will be needed and will likely have a public hearing in 2006 to discuss the need for such an increase. This information will also be presented to the public during the City's budgeting process.

Contacting the City of Eastpointe's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the City of Eastpointe's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the administration offices at the City of Eastpointe, 23200 Gratiot Avenue, Eastpointe, MI 48021.

Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) June 30, 2005

		Р	rima	ary Governmer	nt			
	G	overnmental	В	usiness-type			Co	mponent
		Activities		Activities		Total		Unit
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	7,608,130	\$	5,712,154	\$	13,320,284	\$	131,273
Receivables:	Ψ	7,000,130	Ψ	3,712,134	Ψ	13,320,204	Ψ	131,273
Taxes		85,545		_		85,545		_
Special assessments		147,442		_		147,442		_
Accounts - Net of governmental activities		177,772		_		177,772		_
allowance for doubtful accounts								
of \$392,596		387,045		4,383,372		4,770,417		625
Interest receivable		25,228		1,505,572		25,228		-
Due from other governmental units		2,164,835		_		2,164,835		_
Inventories		2,104,033		20,405		20,405		_
Prepaid costs and other assets		5,952		20,403		5,952		16,242
Investments in joint ventures (Note 11):		3,732		_		3,732		10,272
Southeast Macomb Sanitary District				3,324,844		3,324,844		
South Macomb Disposal Authority		375,525		3,327,077		375,525		-
Capital assets (Note 4):		373,323		-		373,323		-
Nondepreciable capital assets		13,154,247				13,154,247		
Depreciable capital assets		16,449,118		9,178,699		25,627,817		-
Depi eciable capital assets		10,447,110	_	7,170,077		23,627,617	_	
Total assets		40,403,067		22,619,474		63,022,541		148,140
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		549,339		931,932		1,481,271		6,396
Accrued and other liabilities		793,443		103,258		896,701		8,874
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 6):								
Due within one year		822,749		-		822,749		75,000
Due in more than one year		15,649,082		33,732		15,682,814		430,000
Total liabilities		17,814,613		1,068,922		18,883,535		520,270
		,	-	.,000,022	-			
Net Assets (Deficit)								
Invested in capital assets - Net of								
related debt		15,088,103		9,178,699		24,266,802		-
Restricted:								
Public safety		715,462		-		715, 4 62		-
Library		20,445		-		20,445		-
Sanitation		867,978		-		867,978		-
Construction projects		309,846		-		309,846		-
Streets and highways		2,632,463		=		2,632,463		-
Debt service		213,015		-		213,015		-
Unrestricted		2,741,142		12,371,853		15,112,995		(372,130)
Total net assets (deficit)	\$	22,588,454	\$	21,550,552	\$	44,139,006	\$	(372,130)

		Program Revenues						
					Capital			
			Charges for		and	G	rants and	
	 Expenses		Services	С	ontributions	Со	ntributions	
Functions/Programs								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 6,757,543	\$	2,603,747	\$	58,439	\$	-	
Public safety	10,042,765		1,226,819		102,358		-	
Public works	4,122,725		3,217		2,034,454		560,541	
Recreation and culture	2,489,049		582,310		31,235		-	
Interest on long-term debt	 496,830	_						
Total governmental activities	23,908,912		4,416,093		2,226,486		560,541	
Business-type activities - Water and sewer	 6,642,901		8,680,980		- _	_		
Total primary government	\$ 30,551,813	\$	13,097,073	\$	2,226,486	\$	560,541	
Component unit - Downtown Development Authority:								
Community enrichment and development	\$ 89,112	\$	1,756	\$	150	\$	-	
Interest on long-term debt	 31,313	_				_		
Total component units	\$ 120,425	\$	1,756	\$	150	\$		

General revenues:

Property taxes

State-shared revenues

Interest

Gain on sale of capital assets

Cable fees and other

Transfers

Total general revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets (Deficit) - Beginning of year - As restated (Note 1)

Net Assets (Deficit) - End of year

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2005

	rimary Governme	nt	
Governmental	Business-type		Component
Activities	Activities	Total	Unit
\$ (4,095,357)	\$ -	\$ (4,095,357)	\$ -
(8,713,588)	-	(8,713,588)	-
(1,524,513)		(1,524,513)	-
(1,875,504)		(1,875,504)	-
(496,830)		(496,830)	
(16,705,792)	-	(16,705,792)	-
	2,038,079	2,038,079	
(16,705,792)	2,038,079	(14,667,713)	-
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(87,206) (31,313)
-	-	-	(118,519)
12,481,170	_	12,481,170	200,943
3,887,420	_	3,887,420	-
215,917	144,933	360,850	3,695
19,041	, -	19,041	, -
289,196	-	289,196	-
1,110,800	(1,110,800)		
18,003,544	(965,867)	17,037,677	204,638
1,297,752	1,072,212	2,369,964	86,119
21,290,702	20,478,340	41,769,042	(458,249)
\$ 22,588,454	\$ 21,550,552	\$ 44,139,006	\$ (372,130)

			Major Special Revenue Funds							
	G	eneral Fund		Fire		Sarbage and Rubbish Collection	M	ajor Streets	_ <u>L</u>	ocal Streets
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	2,574,239	\$	344,374	\$	1,012,277	\$	1,374,835	\$	954,375
Receivables:										
Taxes		85,545		-		-		-		-
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts - Net of allowance for doubtful										
accounts of \$392,596		247,583		135,883		3,579		_		_
Interest		25,228		, -		_		_		_
Prepaid expenses		5,952		_		_		_		_
Due from other funds (Note 5)		20,881		_		_		_		_
Due from other governmental units		1,666,884			_			325,552	_	86,309
Total assets	\$	4,626,312	\$	480,257	\$	1,015,856	\$	1,700,387	\$	1,040,684
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	187,975	¢	25,634	\$	147,878	\$	85,274	\$	6,057
Accrued and other liabilities	Ψ	533,076	Ψ	106,367	Ψ	177,070	Ψ	7,956	Ψ	9,321
Due to other funds		333,076		100,367		-		7,736		7,321
				-		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		212,005	_	134,337	_				_	
Total liabilities		933,056		266,338		147,878		93,230		15,378
Fund Balances										
Reserved for prepaid expenses Unreserved:		5,952		-		-		-		-
Designated for subsequent years' expenditures		1,955,000		_		_		_		_
Designated for compensated absences		1,068,000		_		_		_		_
Undesignated		664,304		_		_		_		_
Unreserved, reported in:		001,501								
Special Revenue Funds		_		213,919		867,978		1,607,157		1,025,306
Debt Service Funds - Designated for		_		213,717		007,770		1,007,137		1,025,500
debt service										
Capital Projects Funds - Designated for		-		-		-		-		-
capital improvements										
Total fund balances		3,693,256		213,919		867,978		1,607,157		1,025,306
T . 10 100 10 10 1	_		_		_		_		_	
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>*</u>	4,626,312	<u> </u>	480,257	<u> </u>	1,015,856	<u>\$</u>	1,700,387	<u>\$</u>	1,040,684

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2005

Major Capital Projects Funds

lm	Capital provement	SEMSD Clean Water Initiative	ner Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	225,343	\$ -	\$ 1,122,688	\$	7,608,131
	- 147,442	-	-		85,545 147,442
	-	- - -	-		387,045 25,228 5,952 20,881
	<u> </u>		 86,090		2,164,835
\$	372,785	<u> </u>	\$ 1,208,778	\$	10,445,059
\$	62,939 -	\$ - -	\$ 33,583 28,041	\$	549,340 684,761
	105,643		 20,881		20,881 451,985
	168,582	-	82,505		1,706,967
	-	-	-		5,952
	-	-	-		1,955,000
	-	-	-		1,068,000 664,304
	-	-	423,589		4,137,949
	-	-	213,407		213,407
	204,203		 489,277		693,480
	204,203		 1,126,273		8,738,092
\$	372,785	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,208,778	\$	10,445,059

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Fund Balances to the Statement of Net Assets (Deficit) June 30, 2005

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds	\$	8,738,092
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (deficit) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds		29,603,365
Certain receivables are expected to be collected over several years in the General Fund and are not available to pay for current year expenditures		134,337
Special assessment receivables are expected to be collected over several years and are not available to pay for current year expenditures		317,648
Long-term bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds		(14,515,262)
Investment in joint venture is not included as an asset in the governmental funds		375,525
Long-term portion of compensated absences is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds		(1,068,172)
Accrued interest payable is not reported in the funds		(108,682)
Long-term portion of uninsured losses is not reported in the funds		(267,150)
Net pension obligation in governmental activities is not reported in the funds		(621,247)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	22,588,454

		Major Special Revenue Funds						
	General Fund	Fire Fund	Garbage and Rubbish Collection	Major Streets	Local Streets			
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$ 8,796,871	\$ 658,609	\$ 1,703,092	\$ -	\$ -			
Special assessments	-	-	-	-	-			
Licenses and permits	575,332	-	-	-	-			
Intergovernmental:								
Federal sources	2,504	27,292	-	-	-			
State sources	3,923,004	-	-	1,500,913	533,541			
Charges for services	372,502	340,798	-	-	-			
Rental income	149,422	-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeits	2,100,042	-	-	-	-			
Interest income	105,605	4,010	26,290	33,813	19,751			
Other	377,387	1,339		110,700	226			
Total revenue	16,402,669	1,032,048	1,729,382	1,645,426	553,518			
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	5,798,069	-	-	-	-			
Public safety	6,477,784	3,020,002	-	-	-			
Public works	350,594	-	1,516,494	1,321,411	618,633			
Recreation and culture	1,493,088	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-			
Construction and development	-	-	-	-	-			
Debt service:								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-			
Interest								
Total expenditures	14,119,535	3,020,002	1,516,494	1,321,411	618,633			
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	2,283,134	(1,987,954)	212,888	324,015	(65,115)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	410,700	2,302,892	_	-	216,979			
Transfers out	(2,903,515)	(162,292)		(232,479)	(10,200)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,492,815)	2,140,600		(232,479)	206,779			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(209,681)	152,646	212,888	91,536	141,664			
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	3,902,937	61,273	655,090	1,515,621	883,642			
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 3,693,256	\$ 213,919	\$ 867,978	\$ 1,607,157	<u>\$ 1,025,306</u>			

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2005

Major Capital Projects Funds

		Other Nonmajor	Total	
Capital	SEMSD Clean	Governmental	Governmental	
Improvement	Water Initiative	Funds	Funds	
Improvement	TYACCI IIIICIACIYC	- Tunds	Tunds	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,322,598	\$ 12,481,170	
288,464		-	288,464	
-	-	-	575,332	
-	-	74,836	104,632	
-	-	29,685	5,987,143	
-	-	2,969	716,269	
-	-	156,524	305,946	
-	-	485,420	2,585,462	
6,069	-	20,297	215,835	
3,073		50,646	543,371	
297,606	-	2,142,975	23,803,624	
_	_	_	5,798,069	
_	_	262,718	9,760,504	
305,223	_	801,667	4,914,022	
-	_	726,386	2,219,474	
_	_	365,413	365,413	
-	-	-	-	
-	-	660,235	660,235	
		506,214	506,214	
305,223		3,322,633	24,223,931	
(7,617)	-	(1,179,658)	(420,307)	
-	-	1,488,715	4,419,286	
			(3,308,486)	
		1,488,715	1,110,800	
(7,617)	-	309,057	690,493	
211,820		817,216	8,047,599	
\$ 204,203	<u> </u>	\$ 1,126,273	\$ 8,738,092	

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	690,493
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation		1,616,435
Depreciation is recorded as an expense in the statement of activities but not in the governmental funds	((1,633,798)
Special assessment revenues are recorded in the statement of activities when the assessment is made; they are not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of		(76,809)
year end Revenue is reported in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources and is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds (GASB No. 33)		84,978
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)		667,776
Change in investment in joint venture is not recorded in the governmental funds		2,295
Interest expense is reported in the statement of activities when a liability is incurred; they are reported in the governmental funds only when payment is due		10,044
Change in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay, as well as estimated general liability and workers' compensation claims, are recorded when earned in the		(17.255)
statement of activities Change in net pension obligation is recorded when incurred in the statement of activities		(17,255)
In the statement of activities, only the gain/loss on the sale of an asset is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale are reported. Therefore, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the proceeds from the assets sold.		(35 412)
by the proceeds from the assets sold Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$	(35,612) 1,297,752

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	Wa	ter and Sewer Fund
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	5,712,154
Customer receivables		4,383,372
Inventories		20,405
Total current assets		10,115,931
Noncurrent assets:		
Investment in Southeast Macomb Sanitary District (Note 11)		3,324,844
Capital assets - Net (Note 4)		9,178,699
Total noncurrent assets		12,503,543
Total assets		22,619,474
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		931,932
Accrued and other liabilities		103,258
Total current liabilities		1,035,190
Noncurrent liabilities - Provision for compensated absences (Note 6)		33,732
Total liabilities		1,068,922
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets		9,178,699
Unrestricted		12,371,853
Total net assets	\$	21,550,552

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Wat	er and Sewer
		Fund
Operating Revenue		
Water sales	\$	2,122,651
Sewage disposal	·	4,294,621
Penalties		286,400
Charges for services		1,977,308
Total operating revenue		8,680,980
Operating Expenses		
Water purchases		977,474
Sewage treatment		3,471,222
Maintenance and operation		324,038
General and administration		1,338,739
Other		6,084
Depreciation		525,344
Total operating expenses		6,642,901
Operating Income		2,038,079
Nonoperating Income - Interest income		144,933
Income - Before transfers to other funds		2,183,012
Transfers to Other Funds		(1,110,800)
Change in Net Assets		1,072,212
Net Assets - Beginning of year		20,478,340
Net Assets - End of year	\$	21,550,552

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2005

	,	Water and
	S	ewer Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Other receipts	\$ 	8,406,190 (5,791,523) (327,024) 6,226
Net cash provided by operating activities		2,293,869
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities - Operating transfers out		(1,110,800)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities - Purchase of capital assets		(1,840,934)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest received on investments		144,932
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(512,933)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		6,225,087
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	<u>\$</u>	5,712,154
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash from Operating		
Activities Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from	\$	2,038,079
operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		525,344
Receivables		(274,790)
Inventories		821
Investment in joint venture		6,226
Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities		(10,190)
Accided and other liabilities	_	8,379
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,293,869

There were no noncash investing, capital, and financing activities during the year ended June 30, 2005.

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

	Pension and Other			
	Employee Benefit			
	Trust Funds		Agency Funds	
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$	1,212,655	\$	28,983
Investments (Note 3):				
Corporate bonds and notes		4,963,312		-
U.S. government securities		3,771,230		-
Common and preferred stock		28,882,599		-
Mutual funds		10,438,755		-
Due from other governmental units				1,055
Total assets		49,268,551	\$	30,038
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		83,488	\$	1,380
Accrued and other liabilities				28,658
Total liabilities		83,488	<u>\$</u>	30,038
Net Assets - Held in trust for pension and other employee benefits	<u>\$</u>	49,185,063		

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Net Assets Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2005

Additions	
Investment income:	
Interest and dividends	\$ 1,360,715
Net adjustment to fair value of investments	2,117,709
Less investment expenses	(303,066)
Net investment income	3,175,358
Employer contributions	1,816,348
Total additions	4,991,706
Deductions	
Benefit payments	3,364,897
Health insurance premiums	1,882,523
Administrative expenses	8,458
Total deductions	5,255,878
Change in Net Assets	(264,172)
Net Assets - Beginning of year	49,449,235
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 49,185,063

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Eastpointe, Michigan (the "City") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Eastpointe, Michigan:

Reporting Entity

The City of Eastpointe, Michigan operates with the Council-Manager form of government. It is governed by a City Council consisting of a mayor and four council members who are elected at large to overlapping four-year terms. In accordance with the provisions of the City Charter, the City Council appoints, among others, the city manager and the finance director, each of whom reports directly to the City Council. The city manager is responsible for the administration of the affairs of the City, except for those affairs that are the responsibility of other appointed officials. The finance director is responsible for the administration of the financial affairs of the City, including keeping and supervision of accounts, collections of taxes, and the custody and disbursement of City funds.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the City's operations. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

Blended Component Units

The Building Authority of Eastpointe, an entity legally separate from the City, is governed by a three-member board appointed by the City Council. For financial reporting purposes, the Building Authority is reported as if it were a part of the City's operations because its purpose is to finance and construct buildings for the City. The operations of the Building Authority are reported as nonmajor Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The City of Eastpointe Downtown Development Authority (the "Authority") was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The Authority's governing body, which consists of nine individuals, is selected by the city manager and approved by the City Council. In addition, the Authority's budget is subject to approval by the City Council. Complete financial statements for the Downtown Development Authority can be obtained from the administrative offices at 23200 Gratiot Avenue, Eastpointe, MI 48021.

The City has excluded the Economic Development Corporation since it is inactive. The City has also excluded the Housing Commission from this report since the City does not have the ability to impose its will.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets (deficit) and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City (the primary government) and its discretely presented component units. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function (governmental activities) or identifiable activity (business-type activities) are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or activity. Taxes and other revenue items properly excluded from program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the proprietary fund, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual Enterprise Fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Fire Fund - The Fire Fund accounts for fire safety and protection services/activities within the City. Funding is provided primarily through a local property tax levy and a transfer from the General Fund.

Garbage and Rubbish Collection Fund - The Garbage and Rubbish Collection Fund accounts for garbage and rubbish collection services/activities within the City. Funding is provided primarily through a local property tax levy.

Major Streets Fund - The Major Streets Fund accounts for maintenance and improvement activities for streets designated as "major" within the City. Funding is provided primarily through state-shared gas and weight taxes.

Local Streets Fund - The Local Streets Fund accounts for maintenance and improvement activities for streets designated as "local" within the City. Funding is provided primarily through state-shared gas and weight taxes.

Capital Improvement Fund - The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for special assessment capital projects. Funding is provided primarily through the collection of special assessment district levies.

SEMSD Clean Water Initiative Fund - The SEMSD Clean Water Initiative Fund accounts for the City's share of expenditures associated with the Lake St. Clair Clean Water Initiative project. Funding is provided primarily through bond issues.

The City reports the following major Enterprise Fund:

Water and Sewer Fund - The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the water distribution system and sewage and storm water collection system. Funding is provided primarily through user charges.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds - The Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds account for the activities of the employee benefit plans, which accumulate resources for pension and other postemployment benefit payments to qualified employees.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Agency Funds - The Agency Funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, organizations, or other governments.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual - that is, when they become both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period, generally collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, special assessments, licenses, charges for services, and interest. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the City. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Private sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City has elected not to follow private sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its Enterprise Fund.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges for services to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds relates to charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognizes the portion of tap fees intended to recover current costs (e.g., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Property Tax Revenue - Property taxes are levied on each July I on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are considered delinquent on March I of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The City's 2004 tax is levied and collectible on July 1, 2004 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended June 30, 2005, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

The 2004 taxable valuation of the City totaled \$687 million (a portion of which is abated and a portion of which is captured by the DDA), on which taxes levied consisted of 12.5339 mills for operating purposes, 2.5067 mills for refuse collection, .9128 mills for library services, .9667 mills for the fire/ambulance services, and 1.034 mills for debt service. This resulted in approximately \$8.5 million for operating, \$1.7 million for refuse collection, \$617,000 for library services, \$653,000 for fire/ambulance services, and \$699,000 for debt service. These amounts are recognized in the respective General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Funds financial statements as tax revenue.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Cash and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. Pooled investment income from the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, and Capital Projects Funds is generally allocated to each fund using a weighted average.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Properties are assessed as of December 31. These taxes are billed on July I of the following year and become a lien on December 1. These taxes are due September I with the final collection date of February 28 before they are added to the county tax rolls.

Inventories and Prepaid Items - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, buildings, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Infrastructure	25 years
Water and sewer distribution systems	40 years
Buildings and building improvements	20 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 7 years

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences - It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only when they have matured or come due for payment - generally when an individual's employment has terminated as of year end.

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, issuance costs, and the deferred amount on refunding are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and deferred amount on refunding. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Correction of a Prior Period - The net assets of the governmental activities as of July 1, 2004 have been restated to correct an error in the calculation of depreciation.

Governmental activities net assets - July 1, 2004 - As previously reported \$ 14,519,310

Adjust accumulated depreciation 6,771,392

Governmental activities net assets - July 1, 2004 - As restated \$ 21,290,702

The effect of this error was to increase the change in net assets of the governmental activities by \$476,934.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The City is legally subject to the budgetary control requirements of State of Michigan P.A. 621 of 1978 (the Uniform Budgeting Act). The following statements represent a brief synopsis of the major provisions of this Act:

- 1. Budgets must be adopted for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.
- 2. The budgets must be balanced. The balanced budget may include a contribution to or appropriation from fund balance.
- 3. The budgets must be amended when necessary.
- 4. Debt cannot be entered into unless permitted by law.
- 5. Expenditures cannot exceed budget appropriations.
- 6. Expenditures cannot be made unless authorized in the budget.
- 7. Public hearings must be held before budget adoptions.

The City adopts its budget by budgetary center (activity/department), which is in accordance with the State's legal requirement and is the level of classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budget reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The city manager, on or before 60 days prior to the commencement of the fiscal and budgetary year (July 1), shall prepare and submit to the Council a complete itemized proposed budget before the next fiscal year.
- 2. A public hearing on the budget shall be held before its final adoption, at such time and place as the Council shall direct, and notice of such public hearing shall be published at least 10 days in advance thereof by the clerk.
- 3. The Council shall, on or before 30 days prior to the commencement of the next fiscal year, adopt a budget for the ensuing fiscal year.

The annual budget is prepared by the city manager and adopted by the City Council; subsequent amendments are approved by the City Council. Budgeted amounts of the revenues and expenditures presented for the General and Special Revenue Funds are as amended by the City Council. Budget appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. The amount of encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2005 has not been calculated. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. A comparison of the budget with statements of actual revenues and expenditures, including budget variances, for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds is presented in the required supplementary information. A comparison of actual results of operations to the nonmajor Special Revenue Funds budgets as adopted by the City Council is available at the City offices for inspection. The budget has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

State Construction Code Act - The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspections of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. Beginning January I, 2000, the law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative shortfall generated since January I, 2000 is as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

Cumulative shortfall - July 1, 2004		\$ (1,601,787)
Building permit revenue		255,741
Related expenditures: Direct costs Estimated indirect costs	\$ 564,908 84,736	
Total construction code expenditures		649,644
Excess of expenditures over revenues		(393,903)
Cumulative shortfall - June 30, 2005		<u>\$ (1,995,690)</u>

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The City is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan

The Employees' Retirement System, the Employees' Death Benefit Fund, and the Retiree Health Care Fund are also authorized by Michigan Public Act 485 of 1996 to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, real estate leased to public entities, mortgages, real estate (if the trust fund's assets exceed \$250 million), debt or equity of certain small businesses, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The City's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the City had approximately \$14,940,000 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking, and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories. The City held deposits in six financial institutions as of June 30, 2005.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The City's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. At year end, the average maturities of investments are as follows:

			Weighted	
			Average	
Investment	Investment Fair V			
U.S. government obligations	\$		15.20 years	
U.S. government agency bonds or notes		5,238,285	19.37 years	
Corporate bonds (pension)		12,220,709	20.48 years	

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investment	Fair Value		Rating	Rating Organization
Bank investment pools	\$	292,241	AAA	Standard and Poor's
U.S. government agency bonds or notes		5,238,284	AAA	Standard and Poor's
Corporate bonds		2,220,709	B - AAA	Standard and Poor's
Short-term invested cash		272.027	N D I	
(pension)		372,026	Not Rated	

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer; however, the City's fiduciary funds subject to Michigan Public Act 485 of 1996 are limited by law in that investments in any one issuer (other than the U.S. government) may not exceed 5 percent of total investments. At June 30, 2005, there were no investments in any one issuer (other than the U.S. government) that exceeded 5 percent of total investments for the fiduciary funds.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The pension system restricts the amount of investments in foreign currency - denominated investments to 5 percent of total pension system investments. The following securities are subject to foreign currency risk:

Security		air Value	Foreign Currency			
Foreign bonds	\$	593,047	Euro			
Foreign bonds		14,655	Peso - Mexico			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

		Balance							
	July 1, 2004				Disp	osals and	Balance		
	(a	s restated)		Additions	Adjustments		Ju	ne 30, 2005	
Governmental activities:									
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	1,466,041	\$	10,530	\$	-	\$	1,476,571	
Infrastructure construction in									
progress		11,685,865				8,189	_	11,677,676	
Subtotal		13,151,906		10,530		8,189		13,154,247	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Infrastructure:									
Roads		12,182,329		757,462		-		12,939,791	
Sidewalks		5,462,174		305,226		-		5,767,400	
Buildings and building improvements		11,932,844		77,164		-		12,010,008	
Machinery and equipment	_	5,382,142	_	474,242		145,377	_	5,711,007	
Subtotal		34,959,489		1,614,094		145,377		36,428,206	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Infrastructure:									
Roads		5,638,208		495,946		-		6,134,154	
Sidewalks		1,851,083		230,646		-		2,081,729	
Buildings and building improvements		7,533,873		405,477		-		7,939,350	
Machinery and equipment	_	3,431,891	_	501,729		109,765		3,823,855	
Subtotal		18,455,055	_	1,633,798		109,765		19,979,088	
Net capital assets being depreciated		16,504,434	_	(19,704)		35,612	_	16,449,118	
Net capital assets	\$	29,656,340	\$	(9,174)	\$	43,801	\$	29,603,365	
		Balance			Disc	osals and		Balance	
	lı	uly 1, 2004		Additions		ustments	hu	ne 30, 2005	
		, 1, 2001		, taditions		astricits			
Business-type activities:									
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings	\$	311,251	\$	-	\$	-	\$	311,251	
Utility system		17,063,956		1,840,934		-		18,904,890	
Machinery and equipment	_	1,058,055	_					1,058,055	
Subtotal		18,433,262		1,840,934		-		20,274,196	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings		250,263		15,562		-		265,825	
Utility system		9,328,255		472,623		-		9,800,878	
Machinery and equipment		991,635	_	37,159			_	1,028,794	
Subtotal		10,570,153	_	525,344				11,095,497	
Net capital assets	\$	7,863,109	\$	1,315,590	\$		\$	9,178,699	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 4 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	882,560
Public safety		259,136
Public works		73,439
Recreation and culture		418,663
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	1,633,798
Business-type activities - Water and sewer	\$	525,344

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
Due to/from other funds - General Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	20,881
General Fund	Moninajor governinentariunus	Ψ	20,001

Interfund Transfers

Fund Transferred From	Fund Transferred To	 Amount			
General Fund	Fire Fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 2,302,892 600,623			
	Total General Fund	2,903,515			
Fire Fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	162,292			
Major Streets Fund	General Fund Local Streets Fund	 15,500 216,979			
	Total Major Streets Fund	232,479			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 5 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

Fund Transferred From	Fund Transferred To		Amount
Local Street Fund	General Fund	\$	10,200
	Total Governmental Funds		3,308,486
Water and Sewer Fund	General Fund Nonmajor governmental funds	_	385,000 725,800
	Total Water and Sewer Fund		1,110,800
	Total	\$	4,419,286

Transfers provided funding for capital projects, capital acquisitions, and debt service.

Note 6 - Long-term Debt

The City issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences and certain risk liabilities.

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

		Principal										
	Interest Rate	Maturity		Beginning							D	ue Within
	Ranges	Ranges	Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		С	ne Year
Governmental activities:												
General obligation bond:												
Building Authority General Obligation Bonds												
Amount of issue - \$4,400,000	4.35% -	\$265,000 -										
Maturing through 2014	4.70%	\$460,000	\$	3,855,000	\$	-	\$	(265,000)	\$	3,590,000	\$	290,000
County Drain Contract:												
Lake St. Clair Clean Water Initiative												
Amount of issue - \$11,328,038	Various	\$135,204 -										
Maturing through 2030	Various	\$691,846		11,328,038		-		(402,776)		10,925,262		432,749
Total bond obligations				15,183,038		-		(667,776)		14,515,262		722,749
Other long-term obligations:												
Compensated absences				1,179,806		-		(111,634)		1,068,172		100,000
Net pension obligation				610,452		10,795				621,247		-
Uninsured losses (Note 8)			_	138,261		372,412	_	(243,523)		267,150		-
Total governmental activities				17,111,557		383,207		(1,022,933)		16,471,831		822,749
Business-type activities - Water and Sewer												
Fund obligations - Compensated absences				36,718		-		(2,986)		33,732		
Total			\$	17,148,275	\$	383,207	\$	(1,025,919)	\$	16,505,563	\$	822,749
1 octa			<u> </u>	17,110,275	<u> </u>	303,207	<u> </u>	(1,023,717)	<u> </u>	10,505,505	<u> </u>	OLL,7 17
Component unit - 1992 Downtown Development												
Authority Bonds:												
Amount of issue - \$995,000		\$65,000 -										
Maturing through 2011	6.00%	\$90,000	\$	575,000	\$	-	\$	(70,000)	\$	505,000	\$	75,000

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 6 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bond obligations and contracts are as follows:

Year Ended	Gov	ernmental Activ	Component Unit						
June 30	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total			
2006	\$ 722,749	\$ 489,314	\$ 1,212,063	\$ 75,000	\$ 28,050	\$ 103,050			
2007	767,261	465,896	1,233,157	85,000	23,250	108,250			
2008	807,200	439,290	1,246,490	85,000	18,150	103,150			
2009	853,747	410,866	1,264,613	85,000	13,050	98,050			
2010	896,397	380,321	1,276,718	85,000	7,950	92,950			
2011-2015	4,405,106	1,378,930	5,784,036	90,000	2,700	92,700			
2016-2020	2,984,592	783,260	3,767,852	-	-	-			
2021-2025	2,286,898	346,145	2,633,043	-	-	-			
2026-2030	791,312	105,164	896,476						
Total	\$ 14,515,262	\$ 4,799,186	\$ 19,314,448	\$ 505,000	\$ 93,150	\$ 598,150			

Defeased Debt - In prior years, the City defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the general purpose financial statements. At June 30, 2005, \$3,485,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Note 7 - Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue are as follows:

	Unavailable			Unearned
Special assessments	\$	105,643	\$	-
Delinquent special assessments		212,005		_
Ambulance billings		134,337		
Total restricted assets	<u>\$</u>	451,985	\$	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 8 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City has purchased commercial insurance for medical benefits; settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The City participates in the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority risk pool for claims other than medical benefits.

The Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority risk pool program operates as a claims servicing pool for amounts up to member retention limits, and operates as a common risk-sharing management program for losses in excess of member retention amounts. Although premiums are paid annually to the Authority that the Authority uses to pay claims up to the retention limits, the ultimate liability for those claims remains with the City of Eastpointe, Michigan.

The City is self-funded for claims up to a retention amount, at which time the City's reinsurance coverage begins. The City estimates the liability for claims that have been incurred through the end of the year, including both those claims that have been reported as well as those that have not been reported.

Changes in the estimated liability by category for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

	General Liability, Auto,								
	and Property					Norkers' C	pensation		
	2005		2004		2005			2004	
Estimated liability - Beginning of year	\$	136,094	\$	358,047	\$	2,167	\$	10,133	
Estimated claims incurred, including changes in estimates Claims payments		184,592 (55,036)	_	(77,892) (144,061)		187,820 (188,487)		138,710 (146,676)	
Estimated liability - End of year	\$	265,650	\$	136,094	\$	1,500	\$	2,167	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The City of Eastpointe Employees' Retirement System is the administrator of a single-employer public employees' retirement system, established pursuant to collective bargaining agreements that cover all full-time employees of the City. The system provides retirement and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. At June 30, 2004, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, membership consisted of 170 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them, and 154 current active employees.

Contributions - Employer contributions to the plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Plan members are not required to contribute. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Please refer to Note I for further significant accounting policies.

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by negotiation with the City's collective bargaining units. The funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

Annual Pension Costs - For the year ended June 30, 2005, the City's annual pension cost was \$432,939 for the plan. The annual required contribution was \$432,939; however, the City made no contributions to the plan during the year. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at June 30, 2004, using the individual entry age actuarial funding method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include: (a) an 8 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4 percent to 7 percent per year, and (c) no cost of living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) include an inflation component of 4 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period is 15 years.

Reserves - As of June 30, 2005, the plan's legally required reserves have been fully funded as follows:

Reserve for employees' contributions Reserve for retired benefit payments \$ 346,509 36,635,583

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Three-year trend information as of June 30 follows:

	Percentage of								
Year Ended	Annual Pension	APC	Net Pension						
June 30	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation						
2003	\$ 10,978	-	\$ 22,615						
2004	174,637	-	196,419						
2005	432,939	-	621,247						

Note 10 - Postemployment Benefits

The City provides health care benefits to all full-time employees upon retirement, in accordance with labor contracts. Currently, 159 retirees are eligible. The City includes pre-Medicare retirees and their dependents in its insured health care plan, with no contribution required by the participant. The City purchases Medicare supplemental insurance for retirees eligible for Medicare. Expenditures for post-employment benefits are recognized as the insurance premiums become due; during the year, this amounted to approximately \$1,883,000.

Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Change - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently issued Statement Number 45, *Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pensions). The new standard will cause the government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2009.

Note II - Joint Ventures

The City is a member of the Southeast Macomb Sanitary District, which provides sewage to participating municipalities in Macomb County, Michigan. Other members include the cities of Roseville and St. Clair Shores, Michigan. The City appoints one member to the joint venture's governing board, who then approve the annual budgets. The City's equity interest of \$3,324,844 is recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund fund financial statements and within the business-type activities column in the statement of net assets.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2005

Note II - Joint Ventures (Continued)

Complete financial statements for the South Macomb Sanitary District can be obtained from the administrative offices at 20001 Pleasant Avenue, Box 286, St. Clair Shores, MI 48080. The City is not aware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future.

The City is a member of the South Macomb Disposal Authority, which provides refuse disposal services to participating municipalities in Macomb County, Michigan. Other members include the cities of Center Line, Roseville, St. Clair Shores, and Warren, Michigan. The City appoints one member to the joint venture's governing board, who then approve the annual budgets. The City's equity interest in the Authority's operating reserve of \$375,525 is recorded within the governmental activities column of the statement of activities. The Authority has reserves totaling approximately \$2.6 million that have been designated for self-insurance activities; the participating communities' equity interest in the insurance reserves is not determinable.

Complete financial statements for the South Macomb Disposal Authority can be obtained from the administrative offices at 20001 Pleasant Avenue, Box 286, St. Clair Shores, MI 48080. The City is not aware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future.

Note 12 - Employees' Death Benefit Fund

The Employees' Death Benefit Fund was established by the City Ordinance on October 13, 1958 for the purpose of providing a death benefit for employees who elect to participate in the plan. Prior year contributions from the City and plan members have been determined to be sufficient to fully fund the plan at June 30, 2005. Benefits at date of death are payable to designated beneficiaries in varying amounts. The obligation to contribute and maintain the plan was established by negotiation with the City's collective bargaining units.

Required	Supplemental	Information
----------	--------------	-------------

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Original		Amended		Variance with			
		Budget		Budget		Amended Budget			
Revenue					_		4 (700)		
Property taxes	\$	8,797,220	\$	8,797,574	\$	8,796,871	\$ (703)		
Licenses and permits		693,000		702,800		575,332	(127,468)		
Federal sources		-		2,500		2,504	4		
State sources		3,964,845		3,936,167		3,923,004	(13,163)		
Charges for services		372,500		390,700		372,502	(18,198)		
Rental income		138,250		140,000		149,422	9,422		
Fines and forfeits		2,010,724		2,082,724		2,100,042	17,318		
Interest and rentals		55,000		77,500		105,605	28,105		
Other	-	290,063		356,366	_	377,387	21,021		
Total revenue		16,321,602		16,486,331		16,402,669	(83,662)		
Expenditures									
General government:									
City council		22,451		22,451		22,885	(434)		
City manager		433,882		433,882		417,603	16,279		
City clerk and elections		194,596		201,146		182,726	18,420		
Finance		882,012		861,212		760,133	101,079		
Assessor		296,408		296,408		294,371	2,037		
Law		174,177		174,177		149,342	24,835		
Judicial		908,177		975,176		985,116	(9,940)		
General operating		3,120,156		3,163,011		2,985,893	177,118		
Public safety:									
Police		6,185,874		6,197,648		5,912,876	284,772		
Building inspection		559,048		563,905		564,908	(1,003)		
Public works - Administration		419,129		406,530		350,594	55,936		
Recreation and culture:									
Administration		557,525		585,075		575,822	9,253		
Parks		583,675		577,475		544,917	32,558		
Kennedy park pool		76,505		76,505		76,030	475		
Senior citizens' center		230,163		230,163		210,877	19,286		
Senior citizen SMART		65,349		65,349		54,792	10,557		
Community enrichment and development:									
Planning		32,300		32,300		23,487	8,813		
Beautification		15,000		11,569	_	7,163	4,406		
Total expenditures	_	14,756,427	_	14,873,982		14,119,535	754,447		
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures		1,565,175		1,612,349		2,283,134	670,785		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		410,700		410,700		410,700	-		
Transfers out	-	(2,913,120)		(2,949,465)	_	(2,903,515)	45,950		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,502,420)		(2,538,765)		(2,492,815)	45,950		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(937,245)		(926,416)		(209,681)	716,735		
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	3,902,937		3,902,937		3,902,937			
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	2,965,692	\$	2,976,521	\$	3,693,256	\$ 716,735		

	Fire Fund										
							Variance				
							with				
					Amended						
	Original Budget Budget Actual						Budget				
Revenue											
Property taxes	\$	654,445	\$	658,685	\$ 658,609		\$ (76)				
Federal sources		=		27,292	27,292		-				
Charges for services		278,500		332,250	340,798		8,548				
Interest		1,000		2,700	4,010		1,310				
Other		1,000	_	2,100	1,339	<u> </u>	(761)				
Total revenue		934,945		1,023,027	1,032,048	3	9,021				
Expenditures											
Public safety		3,112,065		3,163,637	3,020,002		143,635				
Public works		-		-			<u>-</u>				
Total expenditures		3,112,065		3,163,637	3,020,002	<u>.</u> .	143,635				
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)											
Expenditures	((2,177,120)		(2,140,610)	(1,987,954)	152,656				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in		2,312,120		2,302,892	2,302,892		=				
Transfers out		(135,000)		(162,292)	(162,292	2)					
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,177,120		2,140,600	2,140,600	<u> </u>					
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(10)	152,646)	152,656				
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		61,273		61,273	61,273	-	-				
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	61,273	<u>\$</u>	61,263	\$ 213,919) =	\$ 152,656				

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Funds Year Ended June 30, 2005

Garbage and Rubbish Collection Fund											
Original	Variance with Amended										
Budget	Budget	Actual	Budget								
\$ 1,695,852	\$ 1,695,852	\$ 1,703,092	\$ 7,240								
500	500	_	(500)								
10,000	10,000	26,290	16,290								
-	-	-	-								
1,706,352	1,706,352	1,729,382	23,030								
_	_	_	_								
1,706,352	1,706,352	1,516,494	189,858								
1,700,332	1,700,332	1,310,171	107,030								
1,706,352	1,706,352	1,516,494	189,858								
		212.000	212.000								
-	-	212,888	212,888								
-	-	-	-								
-	-	212,888	212,888								
655,090	655,090	655,090	-								
\$ 655,090	\$ 655,090	\$ 867,978	\$ 212,888								

	Major Streets Fund										
							\	/ariance			
							with				
		Original	Amended				Α	mended			
		Budget		Budget	Actual		Budget				
Revenue											
State-shared revenue and grants	\$	1,241,590	\$	1,263,985	\$	1,500,913	\$	236,928			
Interest		5,000		20,500		33,813		13,313			
Other			_		_	110,700	_	110,700			
Total revenue		1,246,590		1,284,485		1,645,426		360,941			
Expenditures - Public works		1,220,024	_	1,257,919	_	1,321,411	_	(63,492)			
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		26,566		26,566		324,015		297,449			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers in		-		-		-		-			
Transfers out		(232,479)		(232,479)		(232,479)	_				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(232,479)		(232,479)	_	(232,479)					
Net Change in Fund Balances		(205,913)		(205,913)		91,536		297,449			
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		1,515,621	_	1,515,621	_	1,515,621	_				
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	1,309,708	\$	1,309,708	\$	1,607,157	\$	297,449			

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Funds (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Local Streets Fund												
	Original Budget	Amended Budget		Actual		riance with Amended Budget							
\$	544,466 8,000 <u>-</u>	\$ 544,466 14,800	\$	533,541 19,751 226	\$	(10,925) 4,951 226							
	552,466	559,266		553,518		(5,748)							
	794,143	800,943		618,633		182,310							
(241,677)	(241,677)		(65,115)		176,562							
	216,979 (10,200)	216,979 (10,200)		216,979 (10,200)		- -							
	206,779	206,779		206,779									
	(34,898)	(34,898)		141,664		176,562							
	883,642	883,642		883,642									
\$ 8	348,744	\$ 848,744	\$	1,025,306	\$	176,562							

Required Supplemental Information Retirement System Schedule of Funding Progress June 30, 2005

The schedule of funding progress is as follows:

								Unfunded	
		Actuarial						(Overfunded)	
	Actuarial	Accrued						AAL as a	
Actuarial	Value of	Liability		Unfunded	Funded Ratio		Covered	Percentage of	
Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	,	AAL (UAAL)	(Percent)	Payroll		Covered	
Date	 (a)	 (b)	(b-a)		(a/b)	(c)		Payroll	
06/30/99 *	\$ 51,377,333	\$ 39,535,364	\$	(11,841,969)	130	\$	7,845,331	(151)	
06/30/00 **	55,708,876	41,289,971		(14,418,905)	135		8,455,767	(171)	
06/30/01	58,294,299	42,719,710		(15,574,589)	136		8,484,620	(184)	
06/30/02 **	58,305,372	45,584,633		(12,720,739)	128		9,030,827	(141)	
06/30/03 **	56,264,305	47,803,994		(8,460,311)	118		9,266,479	(91)	
06/30/04	54,289,686	50,999,509		(3,290,177)	106		9,102,598	(36)	

^{*} Includes changes in actuarial assumptions

^{**} Includes changes in benefit provisions

Required Supplemental Information Retirement System Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2005

The schedule of employer contributions is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Annual Required	Percentage
Ended June 30	Contribution*	Contributed
2000	\$ -	100
2001	-	100
2002	12,034	-
2003	10,978	-
2004	174,637	-
2005	432,939	-

^{*} The required contribution is expressed to the City as a percentage of payroll.

The above contributions are for pension benefits only and do not include amounts contributed for health care coverage. Amounts contributed for health care coverage are recorded in the City's Retiree Health Care Fund, which was established during the City's year ended June 30, 2000.

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of June 30, 2004, the latest actuarial valuation, is as follows:

Valuation date	June 30, 2004
Actuarial cost method	Individual entry age
Amortization method	Level percent open
Remaining amortization period	15 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return *	8.0%
Projected salary increases *	4% - 7%
*Includes inflation at	4%
Cost of living adjustments	None

Other Supplemental Information

							Nonm:	ajor Special
				Orug Law	L	ocal Law		
	1	Library	En	forcement	Enf	forcement	Juvenile Justice	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	100	\$	336,263	\$	39,789	\$	_
Due from other governmental units		64,925	_					20,065
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	65,025	<u>\$</u>	336,263	\$	39,789	\$	20,065
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	19,230	\$	5,339	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued and other liabilities		19,578		6,807		-		1,656
Due to other funds		5,772						15,109
Total liabilities		44,580		12,146		-		16,765
Fund Balances - Unreserved								
Designated for debt service		-		-		-		-
Designated for capital improvements		-		-		-		-
Undesignated		20,445		324,117		39,789		3,300
Total fund balances		20,445		324,117	_	39,789		3,300
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	65,025	\$	336,263	\$	39,789	<u>\$</u>	20,065

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

Rev	enue Fund	s			Nonmajor Debt Service Funds										
147	16 1	_		_						_			Chapter 20		
	elfare and		•		•		emorial				uilding	Drain Debt			
Ca	tastrophe		Center		Fire	L	Library	De	bt Service	Au	thority		Service		
\$	21,285	\$	10,525	\$	566	\$	3,562	\$	177,900	\$	392 -	\$	35,115		
\$	21,285	\$	10,525	\$	566	•	3,562	•	177,900	\$	392	\$	35,115		
Ψ	21,203	<u>\$</u>	10,323	Ψ	300	Ψ_	3,302	Ψ	177,700	<u> </u>	372	<u> </u>	33,113		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
	-				-								-		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
	_		_		_		_		177,900		392		35,115		
	-		-		-		_		-		-		-		
	21,285		10,525		566		3,562								
	21,285	_	10,525		566	_	3,562	_	177,900		392		35,115		
\$	21,285	\$	10,525	\$	566	\$	3,562	\$	177,900	\$	392	\$	35,115		

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2005

	Nonmajor Capital Projects						
			I	Building		Total Nonmajor	
	E	quipment	A	uthority	Go	overnmental	
	Re	placement	Со	nstruction		Funds	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	435,012	\$	62,179	\$	1,122,688	
Due from other governmental units		1,100				86,090	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	436,112	<u>\$</u>	62,179	\$	1,208,778	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	9,014	\$	-	\$	33,583	
Accrued and other liabilities		-		-		28,041	
Due to other funds						20,881	
Total liabilities		9,014		-		82,505	
Fund Balances - Unreserved							
Designated for debt service		-		-		213,407	
Designated for capital improvements		427,098		62,179		489,277	
Undesignated						423,589	
Total fund balances		427,098		62,179		1,126,273	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	436,112	\$	62,179	\$	1,208,778	

	Nonmajor Special							
	Library		Drug Law Enforcement	Local Law Enforcement	Juvenile Justice			
Revenue								
Property taxes	\$	620,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Intergovernmental:								
Federal sources		-	-	14,916	59,920			
State sources		29,685	-	-	-			
Charges for services		2,969	-	-	-			
Rental income		-	-	-	-			
Fines and forfeits		73,013	412,407	-	-			
Interest		2,030	5,696	853	-			
Other			22,000		27,046			
Total revenue		727,822	440,103	15,769	86,966			
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety		-	155,852	19,808	87,058			
Public works		-	-	-	-			
Recreation and culture		724,248	-	-	-			
Capital outlay		-	-	-	-			
Debt service:								
Principal		-	-	-	-			
Interest		-						
Total expenditures		724,248	155,852	19,808	87,058			
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		3,574	284,251	(4,039)	(92)			
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in			2,504	1,657				
Net Change in Fund Balances		3,574	286,755	(2,382)	(92)			
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		16,871	37,362	42,171	3,392			
Fund Balances - End of year	<u>\$</u>	20,445	\$ 324,117	\$ 39,789	\$ 3,300			

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Revenue	Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds					
						Chapter 20		
Welfare and	Community	Eastpointe	Memorial		Building	Drain Debt		
Catastrophe	Center	Fire	Library	Debt Service	Authority	Service		
·								
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 702,473		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
450	224	12	71	1,033	-	1,981		
	50		1,550					
450	274	12	1,621	1,033	-	704,454		
_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
_	_	_	_	_	300	801,367		
-	2,138	_	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
- -	- -	-	-	395,235 331,064	265,000 175,150	-		
	2,138			726,299	440,450	801,367		
450	(1,864)	12	1,621	(725,266)	(440,450)	(96,913)		
				725,800	440,550			
450	(1,864)	12	1,621	534	100	(96,913)		
20,835	12,389	554	1,941	177,366	292	132,028		
\$ 21,285	\$ 10,525	<u>\$ 566</u>	\$ 3,562	\$ 177,900	\$ 392	\$ 35,115		

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Nonmajor Cap		
			Total Nonmajor
	Equipment	Building Authority	Governmental
	Replacement	Construction	Funds
_			
Revenue	*	*	ф 1 222 F00
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,322,598
Intergovernmental: Federal sources			74.027
State sources	-	-	74,836 29,685
Charges for services	-	-	2,969
Rental income	156,524	_	156,524
Fines and forfeits	130,321	_	485,420
Interest	6,715	1,232	20,297
Other	-	-	50,646
Total revenue	163,239	1,232	2,142,975
Expenditures			
Current:			
Public safety	-	-	262,718
Public works	-	-	801,667
Recreation and culture	-	-	726,386
Capital outlay	365,413	-	365,413
Debt service:			
Principal	-	-	660,235
Interest			506,214
Total expenditures	365,413		3,322,633
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(202,174)	1,232	(1,179,658)
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in	318,204		1,488,715
Net Change in Fund Balances	116,030	1,232	309,057
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	311,068	60,947	817,216
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 427,098	\$ 62,179	\$ 1,126,273

	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds								
	Employ	/ees [']							
	Retirer	nent	Er	mployees'	Re	tiree Health			
	System		Death Benefit		Care			Total	
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 90	6,683	\$	25,675	\$	280,297	\$	1,212,655	
Investments:									
Corporate bonds and notes	4,05	3,583		824,048		85,681		4,963,312	
U.S. government securities	3,69	3,167		-		78,063		3,771,230	
Common and preferred stock	28,32	4,389		-		558,210		28,882,599	
Mutual funds	10,43	8,755		-		-		10,438,755	
Due from other governmental units				-					
Total assets	47,41	6,577		849,723		1,002,251		49,268,551	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	8	32,908		580		-		83,488	
Accrued liabilities								-	
Total liabilities	8	32,908		580		-		83,488	
Net Assets - Held in trust for									
pension and other employee	.				_		_		
benefits	<u>\$ 47,33</u>	3,669	\$	849,143	<u>\$</u>	1,002,251	\$	49,185,063	

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2005

			Agen	cy F	unds		
C	Cash and						
Per	formance	Ir	mprest				
	Bonds	Payroll AFLAC					Total
\$	26,903	\$	2,080	\$	-	\$	28,983
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
					1,055		1,055
\$	26,903	\$	2,080	\$	1,055	\$	30,038
\$	-	\$	325	\$	1,055	\$	1,380
	26,903		1,755				28,658
				_			
\$	26,903	\$	2,080	\$	1,055	\$	30,038

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Changes in Net Assets Fiduciary Funds - Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Eı	mployees'						
	Retirement			mployees'	Retiree Health			
		System	De	ath Benefit	Care		Total	
Additions								
Investment income:								
Interest and dividends	\$	1,287,294	\$	45,712	\$ 27,709	\$	1,360,715	
Net adjustment to fair value of investments		2,092,717		(14,022)	39,014		2,117,709	
Less investment expenses		(303,066)			-	_	(303,066)	
Net investment income		3,076,945		31,690	66,723		3,175,358	
Employer contributions					1,816,348	_	1,816,348	
Total additions		3,076,945		31,690	1,883,071		4,991,706	
Deductions								
Benefit payments		3,357,842		7,055	-		3,364,897	
Health insurance premiums		-		=	1,882,523		1,882,523	
Administrative expenses		8,458			-	_	8,458	
Total deductions		3,366,300		7,055	1,882,523	_	5,255,878	
Change in Net Assets		(289,355)		24,635	548		(264, 172)	
Net Assets - Beginning of year		47,623,024		824,508	1,001,703		49,449,235	
Net Assets - End of year	<u>\$ 4</u>	7,333,669	\$	849,143	\$ 1,002,251	<u>\$</u>	49,185,063	

Total County Drain Contract

Schedule of Indebtedness June 30, 2005

11,328,038

10,925,262

						Principal C	Outsta	anding
						June	e 30	
	Interest		A	Amount of				
	Rate			Annual				
Description	(Percent)	Date of Maturity		Maturity		2005		2004
County Drain Contract								
Lake St. Clair Clean Water Initiative I Drainage District Bonds Date of issue - Various Amount of issue - \$11,328,0	J	rict:						
	Various	10/01/04	\$	395,235	\$	_	\$	395,235
	Various	10/01/05	۳	432,749	Ψ	432,749	Ψ.	432,410
	Various	10/01/06		442,261		442,261		443,309
	Various	10/01/07		452,200		452,200		453,272
	Various	10/01/08		463,747		463,747		464,843
	Various	10/01/09		476,397		476,397		506,045
	Various	10/01/10		492,747		492,747		506,046
	Various	10/01/11		504,294		504,294		506,046
	Various	10/01/12		517,609		517,609		506,046
	Various	10/01/13		533,226		533,226		506,046
	Various	10/01/14		547,230		547,230		581,075
	Various	10/01/15		562,886		562,886		581,075
	Various	10/01/16		578,451		578,451		581,075
	Various	10/01/17		595,830		595,830		581,075
	Various	10/01/18		614,216		614,216		581,075
	Various	10/01/19		633,209		633,209		558,206
	Various	10/01/20		649,547		649,547		558,206
	Various	10/01/21		670,211		670,211		558,206
	Various	10/01/22		691,846		691,846		558,206
	Various	10/01/23		140,090		140,090		558,206
	Various	10/01/24		135,204		135,204		147,454
	Various	10/01/25		142,481		142,481		147,454
	Various	10/01/26		150,440		150,440		147,454
	Various	10/01/27		157,463		157,463		147,454
	Various	10/01/28		167,294		167,294		147,454
	Various	10/01/29		173,634		173,634		175,065

Schedule of Indebtedness (Continued) June 30, 2005

						Principal C	Outs	tanding
						Jun	e 30	
	Interest		Δ	mount of				
	Rate			Annual				
Description	(Percent)	Date of Maturity		Maturity		2005		2004
General Obligation Bonds								
Building Authority General Obligation	n Bonds							
Date of issue - August 20, 1998								
Amount of issue - \$4,400,000								
	4.30	05/01/05	\$	265,000	\$	-	\$	265,000
	4.35	05/01/06		290,000		290,000		290,000
	4.40	05/01/07		325,000		325,000		325,000
	4.45	05/01/08		355,000		355,000		355,000
	4.50	05/01/09		390,000		390,000		390,000
	4.55	05/01/10		420,000		420,000		420,000
	4.60	05/01/11		460,000		460,000		460,000
	4.65	05/01/12		455,000		455,000		455,000
	4.70	05/01/13		450,000		450,000		450,000
	4.70	05/01/14		445,000		445,000		445,000
Total general obligation b	onds				_	3,590,000		3,855,000
Total indebtedness					\$	14,515,262	\$	15,183,038





27400 Northwestern Highway P.O. Box 307 Southfield, MI 48037-0307 Tel: 248.352.2500 Fax: 248.352.0018 plantemoran.com

October 28, 2005

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Eastpointe 23200 Gratiot Avenue Eastpointe, MI 48021

Dear Mayor and Council Members:

We have recently completed our audit of the financial statements of the City of Eastpointe for the year ended June 30, 2005. In addition to our audit report, we offer the following comments and recommendations for your consideration:

OVERVIEW OF THE CITY'S FINANCIAL CONDITION

During the year ended June 30, 2005, General Fund expenditures exceeded revenues by approximately \$210,000, taking into account transfers to and from other funds. Fund balance at June 30, 2005 amounted to approximately \$3,693,000. Of this amount, approximately \$6,000 is reserved for prepaid expenditures, \$1,068,000 is designated for compensated absences, \$1,955,000 is designated for subsequent years' expenditures, and \$664,000 is undesignated.

During the 2004-2005 fiscal year, the City experienced only modest growth in property tax revenue (approximately 2.5%) and a reduction in State revenue sharing sources (as discussed below), however, most City departments were near or below budgeted expenditures. As a result, in comparison with the 2004-2005 budget, fund balance at June 30, 2005, is higher than anticipated. We compliment the City Council and administration for their success in planning and monitoring the budget.

The City continues to be faced with budgetary challenges. Many challenges, including further reductions in State shared revenue, are a direct result of the difficult economic period that has been experienced in the State of Michigan. Other challenges, such as limited ability to experience growth in property tax revenue, future capital equipment and infrastructure needs, and currently unfunded post-employment benefit obligations, are characteristics of the City and its physical framework. It is important that the City continue to monitor and maintain an adequate level of fund balance to meet financial challenges without affecting the level of services provided to citizens or the City's ability to fund future obligations.

STATE SHARED REVENUE

The budget for the State of Michigan's 2005-2006 fiscal year provides for both constitutional and statutory revenue sharing at approximately \$1.1 billion, which equals the fiscal year 2004-2005 funding level. As such, no further reductions to revenue sharing below the current funding level have been proposed.



While it is good news that revenue sharing will be maintained at current levels, continued caution should be exercised when preparing and monitoring the City's budget. It is important to note that sales tax revenue would support an increase to total state shared revenue payments for fiscal years 2004-2005 and 2005-2006 of over \$500 million based on the formulas provided for in law and actual sales tax collections. This fact highlights the structural deficits in the State's General Fund and, as long as this condition exists, revenue sharing remains at risk and a return to past funding levels is not likely in the foreseeable future.

As you are aware, state shared revenue accounts for approximately 24 percent of the City's total General Fund budget and is comprised of a constitutional and statutory portion. The table below details state shared revenue for the City over the past five years and projected funding levels for 2006, including the total decrease in state shared revenue experienced by the City since the 2000-2001 fiscal year:

Fiscal Year	Statutory	Constitutional	Total	Decrease from 2001
2001	\$2,509,352	\$2,211,331	\$4,720,683	\$ -
2002	2,313,537	2,233,856	4,547,393	173,290
2003	2,101,340	2,271,676	4,373,016	347,667
2004	1,683,261	2,246,999	3,930,260	790,423
2005	1,586,798	2,300,622	3,887,420	833,263
2006	1,504,907	2,382,513	3,887,420	833,263

If the State were to consider additional cuts to revenue sharing, the City is potentially at risk for the amount of statutory revenue sharing (the constitutional portion cannot be modified without a change to the State's constitution). We will continue to update the City as developments occur with revenue sharing and the State's budget. In addition, updated information can be obtained from the State's website or by calling the Office of Revenue and Tax Analysis at 517.373.2697.

TRANSPORTATION FUNDING

The State of Michigan has indicated that it anticipates transportation related tax receipts to be approximately 3 to 4 percent lower than expected for the State's 2004-2005 fiscal year ending September 30, 2005. The lower tax receipts will likely result in reduced Act 51 revenue sharing payments for the City's Major and Local Streets Funds. Because of the difference in the City's and the State's fiscal years, the reduced Act 51 payments may also have an impact on the City's 2005-2006 fiscal year. We will keep the City informed as updated information is received from the Michigan Department of Treasury.

WATER AND SEWER OPERATIONS

The City bills for water usage and sewage disposal on a quarterly basis. Approximately 50 percent of all billings are based on estimated meter readings. We encourage the City to review it's procedures for obtaining actual vs. estimated meter reads and gain an understanding for the cause in significant estimated readings. The procedures currently in place should be modified to ensure estimated readings are kept to a minimum. Decreasing the number of estimated readings may also produce a more accurate calculation of the City's water loss.

Also during our testing of water and sewer, we noticed that the receivable for delinquent water bills is approximately \$996,000. When residents are delinquent in paying their water bills, rather than shutting off the resident's water, the City places the charges and penalties on the resident's tax bill. It would appear that many residents are taking advantage of this policy. We recommend the City consider the impact on the timing of cash flows using this policy vs. the impact of denying water usage to residents that are delinquent.

PENSION PLAN

The City currently participates in a single retirement plan which encompasses three separate employee groups – General Government, Police, and Fire. Since each employee group is entitled to different benefits, the actuarial determined contribution amount is calculated per employee group. The annual required contribution, determined as part of an actuarial valuation at June 30, 2004, was calculated as follows:

A.

General Government	\$122,716
Police	\$463,601
Fire	\$191,323
Total	\$777,640

The City made no contributions to the plan during the year ended June 30, 2004. In the future, we recommend making the annual required contribution.

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently released Statement Number 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Post Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" post employment benefits (other than pensions). The intent of the new rules is to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. These new rules will apply to the government wide financial statements, rather than the individual fund level. As a result, you will not need to change your budgeting practices.

OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

However, the new pronouncement will require a valuation of the obligation to provide retiree health care benefits, including an amortization of the past service cost over a period of up to 30 years. The valuation must include an annual recommended contribution (ARC). While the ARC does not need to be funded each year, any under-funding must be reported as a liability on the government wide statement of net assets. For the City of Eastpointe, this valuation will need to be performed by an actuary at least every other year.

Currently, the City is recognizing this expenditure on a "pay as you go" basis. As indicated in the City's financial report, for the year ended June 30, 2005 (Note 10), this expenditure amounted to approximately \$1,883,000. The City's OPEB obligation on an actuarial basis would be significantly more, possibly two to three times as much.

This statement is being phased in over a three year period, similar to GASB 34. For the City of Eastpointe, it is effective the year beginning on July 1, 2008.

We would like to thank the Mayor and City Council for the opportunity to serve as auditors for the City. We would also like to compliment Susan Mancani and her staff for the excellent condition of the City's financial records, and thank them for their assistance and cooperation during the audit. If you would like to discuss any of these matters further, or would like any other assistance, please contact us.

Very truly yours,

PLANTE & MORAN, PLLC

Bruce M. Berend

Germy A. Cederstrom

Jenny L. Cederstrom